

Whitfords Avenue Medical Centre

Suite 2 Cnr of Whitfords & Dampier Ave Kallaroo 6025 Tel 9307 4222 | Fax 9307 6702 www.whitfordsmedical.com.au

FREE TO TAKE HOME!



Diabetic Retinopathy







Enlarged Prostate

YOUR NEXT APPOINTMENT:

ENJOY THIS FREE NEWSLETTER

Please remember that decisions about medical care should be made in consultation with your health care provider so discuss with your doctor before acting on any of the information.

www.healthnews.net.au

AUGUST - SEPTEMBER 2017 EDITION

PRACTICE DOCTORS

Dr Steve Jarvis

MBBS, FRACGP, DipObs, BSc

Dr Shahrooz Roohi

MBBS (Hons) FRACGP

Dr Russell Bock

MBBS, FRACGP, DipObs

Dr Galal Tadros

MBBS AMC

Dr James Setiawan

MBBS FRACGP

Dr Christina Bien

MBBS (Hons), DCH, SH&FPA, FRACGP

Dr Mari Bardell

MB.CHB, FRACGP, PallMedDip

REGISTRAR DOCTORS

Dr Carolin Behrens

Dr Janet Hutchens

PRACTICE MANAGER

Jacqui Markou

PRACTICE NURSES

Jenny, Sarah, Sonia, Joanne, Anna, Cheryl, Nicole & Jaci (Care Plan/Health Assessment Nurse)

RECEPTION STAFF

Joyce, Denise, Rosemary, Tracey, Pauline, Suzanne & Sarah

SURGERY HOURS

Monday	7am – 6pm
Tuesday	7am – 8pm
Wednesday	7am – 7pm
Thursday	7am – 6pm
Friday	7am – 5pm
Saturday	8am – 3pm
Public Holidays	8am – 1pm

AFTER HOURS & EMERGENCY

After hours Locum Service - Home Visit 9321 9133

Health Direct 1800 022 222

Joondalup Hospital Emergency 9400 9400

Appointments can be made online, visit our website: www.whitfordsmedical.com.au

OTHER SERVICES

- 24 Hr blood pressure monitoring
- Travel vaccines & advice
- Chronic disease management
- Health Assessments for over 75s
- Anti-wrinkle injections/treatment
- Skin Cancer Check/Mole Scan
- Medicals
- Diving medicals

Audiometry

- Family Planning
- Myofascial therapy
- Minor surgery

Our aim is to give our patients the highest possible quality of care, by ensuring excellence in all aspects of our practice. We endeavour to provide patients with the best and most current treatments, methods, materials and equipment within our resource capabilities to ensure that the patients receive the high quality of service they have come to

ALLIED HEALTH PROFESSIONALS

Allied Health appointments available at reception:

Podiatrist

- Diabetes Educator
- Consultant Dietitian

BILLING ARRANGEMENTS

We are a bulk billing practice Monday to Friday. Medicare Card required.

Saturday is Private Billing. Payment is required on the day of consultation.

APPOINTMENTS

Consultation is by appointment. Urgent cases are seen on the day. **Home Visits.** If unable to attend our surgery, one of receptionist can arrange for a locum Doctor to visit you at home. (See after hours for phone number.)

Long Appointments. If booking for a medical or for a more complex problem or Pap smear, please inform reception.

Non-Cancellation Fee. If you fail to attend appointments a fee of \$38.50 will apply. To avoid receiving a fee, adequate notice is required.

SPECIAL PRACTICE NOTES

Molescan/Skin checks. Full skin cancer mole checks are available by appointment to ensure a qualified Molescan doctor is available. An appointment specifically is necessary for this service.

Contacting Doctors. Should you wish to speak to a Doctor, please be aware the he/she is likely to be consulting. A message can be left and your Doctor or staff member will return your call with a reply.

Reminder system. Because our practice is committed to preventive care, we may send you an occasional reminder regarding health services appropriate to your care. If you wish to opt out of this, please let us know.



Please see the Rear Cover for more practice information.

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Reflux in infants

Stomach-acid rising into the gullet (or oesophagus) causes reflux. The typical symptom in adults is a burning sensation in the lower chest – 'heartburn' but reflux can occur at any age.

In infants the symptoms can include vomiting or regurgitation, difficulty with feeding, sleep disturbances, crying (especially during or after feeds) and irritability. None of these are absolutely specific. They may be regular or intermittent. It ranges from mild to severe. Reflux can occur in both breast and bottle-fed babies.

Diagnosis is not always straightforward and is largely based on history. It is rare for any tests to be done.

There are many simple things that you can do to alleviate reflux. Feed your baby while upright keeping the body straight and head higher than the stomach. Avoid placing baby on their back immediately after feeding. Avoid overfeeding. Changing nappy before a feed can help by reducing pressure on the abdomen as does avoiding tight

clothes. Gently 'burp' baby after feeds. Give smaller feeds more frequently.

Occasionally, reaction to foods is involved. This is more likely if allergies run in the family or the baby has other allergy problems such as eczema.

For bottle fed babies a change in formula can help. Rarely it helps to change the breastfeeding mother's diet because something she is eating is getting across in her milk.

In a small percentage of cases simple measures are not enough and medication (generally a proton pump inhibitor) may be prescribed. The medication blocks acid production. This will improve symptoms but, by blocking acid, the absorption of some minerals including iron can be reduced. The tablets are dissolved in water or can be made up as a liquid by the chemist.

In most cases the situation will improve by itself or without medication. Talk to your doctor about any concerns you have with your baby's feeding.

Weblink http://www.reflux.org.au/category/articles/general_management_tips/

Vaginal Thrush

Thrush is caused by the fungus Candida albicans. While it is part of healthy vaginal flora, in certain circumstances it can multiply excessively and lead to typical thrush. About 75% of women will experience thrush at some stage while some get it frequently.

Risk factors include being on an antibiotic, wearing tight fitting clothes such as jeans, wearing synthetic underwear and wet swimwear. The contraceptive pill can also be a risk factor. Conversely preventative factors include wearing cotton underwear and taking a probiotic.

Symptoms are a thick white discharge from the vagina, itchiness and redness at the vagina and vulva and sometimes burning with passing urine and pain with intercourse.

Many women self diagnose and seek treatments without prescription. While this can work, it is important to remember that the symptoms are not always typical or specific to thrush. If there is a chance of having contracted a sexually transmitted infection (STI), then it is vital to see your doctor and have the necessary tests done.

Treatment for thrush is an anti-fungal cream or pessaries to be applied between one and seven days. There are also anti-fungal tablets, which can be taken orally. Some of these are available without prescription.

Self-help treatments such as yoghurt, vinegar, tea-tree oil and garlic are popular but are of questionable benefit and can cause irritation.

If symptoms do not resolve with over-the-counter treatment or if you have recurrent thrush it is important to see your doctor.

Weblink http://womhealth.org.au/conditions-andtreatments/thrush-and-other-vaginal-infections-fact-sheet



for home

- Babies often 'grow out of' reflux. While we are waiting for this to happen, in babies with personal or family allergies, is it worth a trial of change in formula or maternal diet?
- Sometime the sexual partner, usually a male, has signs of thrush and may be a source of infection. Cream on them or antifungal lozenges can help. Which drugs consistently bring on thrush in some women?
- Vegan vegetarians, through their more strict diet, can become low in what - B or C vitamins?
- What is the most common cause of blindness in working-age people, macular degeneration or diabetic retinopathy?

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Sudoku Solution

Enlarged Prostate

The prostate gland sits under a man's bladder. As men get older it slowly enlarges. It is thought to double in size between ages 21 and 50 and double again between 50 and 80 and we don't know why.

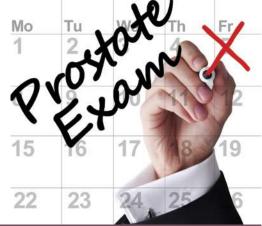
Benign prostate enlargement (BPH) is universal but not all men experience symptoms nor need treatment. It is important to note that prostate cancer can also cause prostate enlargement but is a completely separate condition to BPH.

BPH is not life threatening but the symptoms can impact on quality of life.

Typical symptoms in men over 40 include hesitancy (waiting longer for urine flow to start), a weakened and/or poorly directed stream, straining to urinate, dribbling, frequency, an increased feeling to urinate and night-time pit-stops. Most men do not get all symptoms and severity varies.

Diagnosis is generally based on symptoms. An examination of the prostate may be done as well as a blood test for prostate specific antigen (PSA).

Treatment also depends on symptoms. In mild cases it can be as simple as restricting fluids later in the day and reducing alcohol and caffeine. Medications can be used to ease most of the symptoms. In more severe cases surgery can be performed. Historically this was the removal of the prostate but newer procedures using laser removal or prostate stapling are are now an option.



Weblink https://www.andrologyaustralia.org/prostate-problems/prostate-enlargement-or-bph/



Iron for Vegetarians

diet. This is particularly the case for women whose daily iron requirements (especially in reproductive years) because of menstruation are greater than for men. Iron is essential for red blood cells, which carry oxygen around the body. Iron deficiency leads to anaemia, which causes fatigue, headache and weakness.

There are two forms of dietary iron in food, haem and non-haem. The former is more easily absorbed and makes up 40% of iron in animal-based foods. Eggs, vegetables and other foods have more non-haem iron, which is less readily

However there are plenty of non-haem foods you can include including tofu, legumes (lentils, kidney beans), broccoli, Asian greens, spinach, kale, cabbage, nuts (especially cashews and almonds) dried fruits (especially apricots) and

seeds (such as sunflower seeds and tahini).

Absorption of iron is enhanced by vitamin C so combining the above foods with citrus fruits, kiwi fruit, tomatoes or capsicum helps. Spinach, cabbage and broccoli are good sources of both. Calcium and zinc can impair iron

If you have any concerns about iron levels, see your doctor. You may need blood tests to assess your levels.

Weblink http://www.mydr.com.au/nutrition-weight/iron-intake-for-vegetarians

Diabetic **Retinopathy**

This is one of the complications of diabetes and is damage to the retina at the back of the eye. There are three main types - non-proliferative (early stage where the blood vessels leak fluid), macular oedema (where there is swelling of the macular in the eye which can damage central vision), and proliferative (advanced stage where blood vessels are replaced by fragile new ones which can bleed easily and result in sudden vision loss).

Anyone with diabetes is at risk of diabetic retinopathy and untreated it can lead to blindness. There are no symptoms till vision is impaired but it can be detected on eye examination. Unfortunately around half the people with diabetes do not have regular eye exams.

Prevention is key. This means good control of diabetes through diet, exercise and medications (oral or injectable) that you may be prescribed. Having regular blood tests to monitor diabetes is vital as this guides changes to management. Good diabetes control significantly reduces the chances of any diabetic complication. Have an annual eye examination with an ophthalmologist.

Diabetic retinopathy can be treated with laser in early stages and surgery in more severe cases. However, ideally, you want to avoid getting to the stage where treatment

is needed. The old adage that you only get one set of eyes is worth remembering.

How the retina of the eye looks to your doctor.

Don't wait till your vision is affected. The importance of good diabetes control and regular eye examinations cannot be overstated.





Ingredients:

- 4 large pieces white fish fillets
- 12 new (baby) potatoes
- 1 bunch kale, trimmed, shredded or broccoli
- 4 spring onions cut into 3cm lengths
- 1 bunch baby carrots, steamed
- 4 squash halved

Sauce

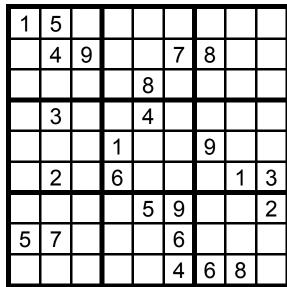
- 1 tbspn corn flour 80ml cold water
- 3 tsp finely grated lemon rind
- ½ cup (80ml) lemon juice
- 1/3 cup (80ml) salt-reduced vegetable stock
- ¹⁄₃ cup (80ml) extra light cooking cream
- 1/3 cup fresh dill, finely chopped

Method

- Preheat oven to 220 C. Line a baking tray with baking paper.
- Place the potatoes in a saucepan of cold water. Cover. Bring to the boil then reduce heat and simmer for 8 minutes or until

- tender. Drain and rinse in cold water. Smash the potatoes slightly and put on the prepared tray. Lightly spray with oil and season with salt. Bake for 15 minutes or until golden.
- 3. Whisk the cornflour and cold water to combine.
- 4. Lightly spray the fish fillets with oil and season with salt and pepper. Heat a non-stick frying pan over medium-high heat. Cook the fish for 3-4 minutes each side, or until golden and cooked through. Transfer to a plate and cover to keep warm.
- Add the lemon rind, lemon juice and stock to a pan. Add the cornflour mixture. Whisk until the mixture comes to boil and thickens. Add the cream, dill and season.
- 6. Bring a saucepan of water to the boil. Add kale and cook for 2 minutes or until just wilted.
- 7. Serve the fish with kale/broccoli, potatoes, carrots, spring onions and squash. Top with the sauce.

SUDOKU



See inside for the sudoku solution

Whitfords Avenue Medical Centre

SPECIAL PRACTICE NOTES

Test results. Please ensure you make a follow-up appointment with your doctor, as results are not given over the phone.

Despite our best intentions, we sometimes run late! This is because someone has needed unexpected urgent attention. Thank you for your consideration.

Medical record confidentiality.

This practice protects your personal health information to ensure it is only available to authorised staff members for the intended purposes and to comply with the Privacy Act.

Your comments on our medical services are always welcome.

We strive to improve for your benefit. Please direct any queries or complaints to the Practice Manager. Comments box is available, or in writing addressed to Practice Manager. Unresolved issues can be addressed to Health and Disability Services Complaints Office, www.hadsco.wa.gov.au or ph: 6551 7600.

Molescan/Skin checks. Full skin cancer mole checks are available by appointment to ensure a qualified Molescan doctor is available. An appointment specifically is necessary for this service.

Implanon insertion. Can be done in our minor theatre room after assessment by a family doctor at this practice.

Myofascial medicine. For treatment of back neck shoulder pain. Requires appointment for assessment and arrangement of at treatment plan. Treatment type can be seen on Professor Chan Gunns web site: http://www.istop.org
Naturally not all cases are suitable for Myofascial Treatment and may require other or combined treatment modalities. This treatment requires careful assessment prior to being used.

Cosmetic treatment. Cosmetic treatment is available at the Whitfords Avenue Medical Group. For more information about the service available please visit our Whitford's Cosmetic Medicine website.